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1918
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MOTOR CYCLES
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ALEX. ROSS & CO.
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No. 17,165.

欽四廿月五年八百九千九百英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1918.

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SCOTCH WHISKY.

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A. S. WATSON & CO. LTD
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS
HONGKONG.
TEL. 614.



NOTICE.

AN EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or INDIAN desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 3 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily. Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION of PERSONS ORDINANCE 1918. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.O.O. and at all Police Stations. The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO WHICH ARE VENED THE SHARES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT SIXT DECEMBER, 1914,
£23,970,387.

I—Authorized Capital £20,000,000
Subscribed Capital £24,500,000
Paid-up Capital £24,497,500
II—Reserve Fund £3,837,047
III—Life & Annuity Funds £17,487,520
Sinking Fund Account £12,923
£23,970,387

Revenue Fire Branches £3,581,458
Life & Annuity Branches £2,141,593
Revenue Marine Department £37,223
Other Receipts £478,940
26,339,223

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business. SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

PEAK TEAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS
6.00 p.m. and 9.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.
7.30 a.m.—SUNDAY
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.00 noon... Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.30 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
3.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
4.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS are on Week Days.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Vaux Road Central.
Season and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No deposit will be demanded until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes, by Cheque or Compradores order, or upon a Bank Note.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

A PREVENTIVE OF MALARIA
MOSCATINE.

The infallible Insect Repeller.
Delicious Perfume. Perfectly Harmless.
PRICE 50 cts., \$1.00, \$2.50 PER BOTTLE.

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VICTORIA DISPENSARY.
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DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS
CHANDLER
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OVERLAND
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CARS

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DAVIDSON
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COME AND INSPECT

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TO THOSE GOING AWAY
Keep in touch with local happenings
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THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL

All the news of the Colony and the Far East.

THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL

THE

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG CLUB.
NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Members of the HONGKONG Club will be held in the LARGE DINING ROOM on FRIDAY, the 25th May, 1918, at 6.30 P.M.
Business - To confirm the Resolution passed on the 18th inst. as posted in the Hall of the Club.

By Order
E. DES VIEUX,
Secretary.
Hongkong, May 17, 1918.

INTIMATIONS

G. R.
ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE.
TENDERS are invited for the Supply of Carpenters, Caulkers, Plasterers, Plumbers, Painters, Scrappers, Shoemakers, or Leatherworkers, to H. M. Naval Yard. Forms of Tender can be obtained at the Chief Constructor's Office, H. M. Naval Yard, Hongkong, and should be filled in and returned as indicated in Tender Form not later than Noon, Friday, 25th May, 1918.

E. G. KENNEDY,
Chief Constructor,
Hongkong, May 20, 1918.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUNKET
A most delicious wholesome Food easily prepared.
We supply Rennet Tablets.

DEVONSHIRE CREAM
Can now be had at our Depot.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Paid Entrance,
A Electric Lamps, Fans and Lighting,
European Baths and Sanitary Fixtures,
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.

TELEPHONE 373
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:
"VICTORIA". J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.
24 Des Voeux Road Central.
Telephone No. 2667.

We guarantee the quality of our
Bread and Cakes.
We use the highest grade of materials
in their Manufacture.

REGAL
RECORDS.

7330 [Panjab March ... Rand
[Flash of Steel March ...
The Whistler and His
Dog (Descriptive) ...
Oh, you Women (Humorous March) ...

7183 [Under the Palms ...
Blue Eyes ...
[Jannie's Patrol ...
[Merry Musicians March ...
7187 [Rock of Ages ...
[Never my God to Thee ...

THE ANDERSON MUSIC
CO., LTD.
TEL. 1332

PATELL & CO.
ORIENTAL PRODUCE
EXPORTERS.
SILK MERCHANTS,
COMMISSION AGENTS.

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SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.
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HEAD OFFICE: Kua's BUILDINGS,
HONGKONG.

FRENCH LESSONS
G. MOUREAU,
15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.

LESSONS IN CHINESE

M. L. HUON FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European students for many years. He is the first to offer a good method of training Europeans to fit them for Chinese examination, and is possessed of a large stock of books on Chinese subjects. Those who intend learning the Chinese language are welcome to consult him. Address to No. 12, Wellington Street, Kowloon.

125

METALS

of all kinds especially for shipbuilding
and engineering works. Largest and
best assured stock in the Colony.

SINGON & CO.
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1860)

HONG KONG

Telephone No. 1833



Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Breakers and Commission
Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Code used
Bentley's
A. A. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
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Telegraphic Address
"KINMON" HONGKONG.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from THE OFFICIAL ADMINISTRATOR, to sell by Public Auction

SATURDAY,
the 25th May, 1918, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

TAX SURPAY
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND
EFFECTS of the late Mr. A. P. NOBES,
Terms—
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 23, 1918. 453

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction
(for account of the concerned),

SATURDAY,
the 25th May, 1918, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

A NUMBER OF HAMS.
Terms—
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 23, 1918. 454

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
on

SATURDAY,
the 25th May, 1918, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

About 5,000 MANILA CIGARS,
"FLOR DE CAWAYAN"
in Good Condition.
Terms—
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 23, 1918. 455

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction
(for account of the concerned),

SATURDAY,
the 25th May, 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

TEAK WOOD AND BLACKWOOD
FURNITURE, BRASS AND TEAK
TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS,
CARPETS, &c., &c.,
AND AN ASSORTMENT OF
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

As follows—
Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas (new),
Card Tables, Upholstered Suites, &c.,
Bedroom Furniture comprising Double
Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads,
Teak Twin Bedsteads, Sideboards,
Dinner Wagons, Extension Dining
Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional
Tables, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery,
Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery,
Toilet Sets, &c., Bath Room Utensils,
Sundry Electro-plated Ware.

Electric Reading Lamp, Blackwood
and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood
Furniture, including large Blackwood
Screens, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, &c.,
Engravings, Pictures, Kinkosan
and Brass Vases, &c., Tea Tables, Plates
and Sets, Iron Safes, Several Carpets
now and second-hand, and 1 Parrot-chair.
Six PIANOS.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 23, 1918. 456

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(for account of the concerned),

SATURDAY,

the 25th May, 1918, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

SUNDAY

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,
(Removed to Sales Rooms for Convenience
of Sale).

Including a quantity of E.P. and Silver
Ware—

Viz. Cruets, Salt Cellars, Flower
Vases, Large Clock, Ornaments, Large
Vases, Photo-Frames, Serviette Rings,
&c., &c.

Two Saddles, Lady's and Gent's.
One Oliver Typewriter (as new).
Also

Piano by Collard & Collard in splendid
condition.

And

Pair Twin Brass Beds, Box and Hair
Mattresses.

Terms 2—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 20, 1918. 443

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction
(for account of the concerned),

THURSDAY,

the 30th May, 1918, at 2.30 p.m.,
at No. 2, Kimberly Villas,
Top Floor, Kowloon.

SUNDAY

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE,
therin contained.

Consisting of—

Teakwood Sideboard, Table, Chairs,
Settee and Card Table (specially made
and coloured to owner's design), uphol-
stered Arm-chairs and Covers, Teak-
wood Twin Beds, Dressing Table, Chest-
drawers, Crockery and Glassware,
&c., &c.

Also

ICE CHEST, BATH, STOVE, &c., &c.,
and
BABY'S COT.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
On View from the 29th at 2 p.m.

Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 18, 1918. 444

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and Conditions of the
letting by Public Auction Sale, to be
held on MONDAY, the 27th day of
May, 1918, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of
the Public Works Department, by Order
of His Excellency the Commissioner of
the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75
years, with the option of renewal at a
Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of
His Majesty the King, for one further
term of 75 years.

Particulars of the Lot.

No. of Lot	Description	Dimensions				Conditions
		N.	ft.	in.	W.	
1	As per sales plan	250,000	ft.	in.	ft.	in.
	ft.	in.	ft.	in.	ft.	in.

BANK

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED
(TAIWAN CHIEN).

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL
CHARTER, 1899.

Capital Subscribed ... Yen 20,000,000
Capital Paid-up 20,000,000
Reserve Fund 5,620,000

HEAD OFFICE:
TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:

JAPAN—KOKO, OSAKA, TOKYO AND YOKO-

HAMA.

FORMOSA—AKO, GHAN, KAOI, KARENKE,

KELUNG, MAKUNG, PIHAN, SHIN-

CHIUK, TAICHU, TAIWAN, TAKOW,

TAIWOL.

CHINA—AMOT, CANTON, FOCHOW,

HANKOW, KIUKIANG, SHANGHAI,

SWALW.

OTHERS—BATAVIA, BOMBAY, HONGKONG,

LONDON, SINGAPORE, SOERABAJA,

SENGANG AND NEW YORK.

LONDON BANKERS:

Capital and Counties Bank, London,

and South-Western Bank, Paris' Bank.

The Bank has Correspondents in the

Commercial centres of Russia, Man-

churia, Indo-China, India, Philippine

Islands, Java, Australia, America and

elsewhere.

Interest allowed on Current Account,

Bank Deposits and Savings Deposits

at rates which will be quoted on

application.

N. YANAGITA,
Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH:

1, Des Voeux Road.

Hongkong, May 1, 1918. 450

ITEMS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

BRITAIN'S FINANCIAL WAR A LENGTH.

Lord Curzon, at the half-yearly meet-
ing of the Bank of England, said that
perhaps some might be expecting of him
a prophecy regarding the duration of the
war. That would be too futile, but he
might be allowed to assure them that if
their enemies were counting on our finan-
cial exhaustion they had many years of
hard fighting before them. It was impera-
tive, however, that we should exercise the strictest economy in all
matters of finance.

VICTORY IN THE AIR.

There—and they are many—who
believe that the war will be finished in
the air will find some support for their
faith even in the necessarily reticent
pages of the War Cabinet's Report for
1917. Speaking of the formation of the
Air Ministry, it is said:—"An Air War
Staff became a necessity in order to con-
sider problems of aerial offensive and
defensive, distinct from those connected
with the operations of the Army and the Navy.
The need for such a body was
pointed to by the obviously increasing
importance of these problems. The
speed, range, and carrying capacity of
aircraft were reaching a stage of develop-
ment almost unsuspected at the beginning
of the war."

GERMAN ADVANCE ON AFGHANISTAN.

When we hear of Germans advancing
towards Afghanistan we can only hope
that they will use the maps with which
they supplied Russia when she used to
worry us in the matter. Some forty years
ago the then Lord Lawrence showed that
the Russian maps were based on a Ger-
man forgery. The German gentleman
had described and circumstantially mapped
out a country he had never seen. He
had worked on charts done in squares by
a Chinese expedition. But the Germans
had turned the squares sideways in fitting
them together, so that a range of moun-
tains running from east to west was
shown as running from north to south!

NEW GERMAN ROAD TO THE EAST.

THE USES OF TEBRIZOND AND BATUM.

The terms of peace imposed on Russia
have filled the German people with hopes
in many directions, but no part of the
peace instrument more stirs their imagina-
tion, or more revives their vicious
oriental extension, than that which opens
up the vista of the economic penetration
of Persia. The Bagdad railway is now,
but one way to the Indian Ocean. Should
the course of military events in Meso-
potamia finally deprive Germany of the
possession of this great artery of trade,
and of important military communica-
tions, the Russian peace opens up other
routes which in time and under German
direction, may be developed into a vast
sphere of German influence, extending
from Constantinople to the gulf of our
Indian Empire.

What are these other routes?

The Turks are once more in possession
of Trebizond, and the Russians will have
withdrawn themselves to some safe position
in Trans-Caucasia. We recall the pleasurable
feelings which animated us when
we heard that the Turks had been forced
from this important harbour, from
Erzurum, Erzincan, and

We felt that one danger less menaced us in
the Middle East, and that another door
had been shut in the face of Germany.

The jubilation in Germany at the re-
occupation of Trebizond by the Turks is
easily understood. A quotation from the
"Yossische Zeitung" opens a window
into the German mind regarding the
importance of this place commercially and
militarily.

IN TEBRIZOND.

Economically, Trebizond is of the
same type of town as Alexandretta, in the
same

corner of the Bay of Cyprus. Trebizond
may be compared with the Bagdad of the
great overland route, because its influence
projects a long way into the interior of
Asia, and may eventually become of the
greatest importance to Turkey in connec-
tion with the re-grouping of the nations.

The Secretary of State of India is
published for general information.—
The question of passports for the
Home Rule and the Congress Delegates
came again before the Cabinet to-day.
The Cabinet have re-affirmed their decision
that in the existing circumstances
none of the Home Rule delegates can be
allowed to proceed to this country. It is
considered by His Majesty's Government
that the journey on which these persons
have embarked was uncalled for, and the
purpose of it lacking in any sufficient
justification. It was proposed by these
persons, at a period when the Secretary
of State himself was in India for the pur-
pose of ascertaining the views of every
section of the community, when his con-
clusions were still unknown and had not
yet been submitted to His Majesty's
Government, to come to England in the
avowed role of agitators to start an
uncompromising propaganda in favour of
a Home Rule of their own. Such a pro-
ceeding at any time

WATSON'S FORMAZONE

(REGISTERED.)

A Refreshing, Invigorating and Palatable Drink.
Particularly suited for Tennis, Shooting and Bathing Parties.

Pints \$1.20 Per Dozen.
Splits 70 Cts. , "

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS,
TELEPHONE No. 616.

To-day's Advertisements
FOR MOJI AND
VANCOUVER.

THE S.S. "GOENTOER"
will leave Hongkong on or about
30th May. Excellent accommodation
is provided for 1st and 2nd Class
Passengers at Moderate Rates.
For further particulars please apply
to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

Tel. 216. Sub. Ex. 23.
Hongkong, May 24, 1916. 456

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(for account of the concerned),
on

TUESDAY,

the 25th May, 1916, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 2,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

AN ASSEMBLY OF
HOUSEHOLD LINENS, &c.

Comprising:-

Single and Double Plain and
Hamstriched Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bed
Quilts, Table Cloth, Pure Linen Damask,
Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath Towels,
Turkish Towels, Blankets,
etc., etc., etc.

Terms:-Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGE,
Antiquaries.

Hongkong, May 24, 1916. 457

A. TACK & CO.
A Consignment of
KODAKS AND FILMS
Just received by the
"EMPEROR OF RUSSIA."
26, Des Vaux Road Central.

TO-MORROW'S
OVERLAND
CHINA MAIL

THE WEEKLY EDITION OF THE
"CHINA MAIL".

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS
OF THE WEEK.

PRICE 25 cts. (cash) per Copy.

THE CALENDAR.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.
9.15 a.m.—Frawley Co. at the Theatre
Play: "Tiger Rose".

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.
9.15 a.m.—Frawley Co. at the Theatre
Play: "Seven Keys To Baldpate".

GENERAL MEMORANDA.

MONDAY, May 27.—
2 p.m.—Auction of Crown Land at
P.W.D.

TUESDAY, May 28.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture for
Mr. Hughes & Hough's.

Wednesday, May 29.—
Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement
Day.

THURSDAY, May 30.—
Noon—Star Ferry Co. meeting.

FRIDAY, May 31.—
2.30 p.m.—Extraordinary General
Meeting of Members of Hongkong
Club.

forget the generosity of the Society
in their undertaking the conduct of
the Hongkong & South China War
Savings Association free of all cost
to the Association and its members,
which has not only proved of incalculable
benefit to the public of this
Colony but has accumulated funds
belonging to its members, invested
in War Loan, of no less a sum than
nearly two million dollars. This
Society is one of those institutions
that go to make up the great resources
of the British Empire which will
prove to be the foundation and main-
stay of that everlasting peace that is
needing consummation.

EMPIRE DAY SERVICES.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

A Commemoration Service, held
primarily for the British children of the
Colony, was held in St. John's Cathedral,
this morning, at 9 a.m. and was largely
attended. His Excellency the Governor
and Lady May, the Hon. Mr. Claud
Savern, C.M.G., and Mr. Ralphs,
Inspector of Schools, were also present;
The Reverend Archdeacon Barnett
preached the sermon and the service
was conducted by the Rev. H. Copley
Moyle, assisted by the Rev. J. Kirk
Macneashie, who read the lesson.

The service consisted of a portion
of the usual morning prayers,
after which Rudyard Kipling's "Lord
of Our Birth" was sung to tune No. 361
(Alstone, A. & M.) and special prayers
were said, the service concluding with
the singing of the National Anthem.

The Ven. Archdeacon Barnett (Pastor
of Union Church) in his address said:-

Boys and Girls,—I am to speak to you
today on loyalty. You will not find
the word in the Bible, but the thing itself
is there—everywhere. You will remember
these words in Revelation 2:10, "Be thou faithful unto death,
and I will give you the crown of life." This
is a call to loyalty for each one of us
with the promise attached that loyalty
extracts from life the very best that
life has to give. Loyalty, then, is
being faithful, even though you may
have to die for it. Loyalty will not
allow you always to be thinking of
your likes and dislikes. You will not always be asking how
much you are going to get out of it
before you act for others. Selfishness
of this kind makes a slacker. Loyalty
makes a hero. Loyalty and selfishness
are ever opposed to each other; they
are deadly enemies; they belong to
rival camps. I take an example of
what I mean from school life.
Two boys, A and B, are footballers—
good enough to be in the first team.
Both are chosen to play in a school
match. But there has also been fixed
for that day a picnic, with a motor
ride, and bathing and plenty of good
things to eat. Now, the picnic attracts
them both, but A argues with himself
thus: "If I go to the picnic they will
have to find another man, and my
absence may weaken the team and
possibly lose them the match." On the other hand, B
says: "You see—I've played all the
season and it's getting hot. In any case
I'm full up of football. Let them get
a 'sub.' I'll go and enjoy myself in
my own way." He never thinks of his
duty to the team, of what he
owes to his school—only of his own
likes and dislikes. And the result is a
slacker, while A proves his loyalty by
placing his school before his own self-
pleasing. There is no place like the
school to which to learn loyalty. So
I say to every boy and girl here to-day:
Do your level best for your own school,
—in study, in play, in maintaining its
good name during holidays—and afterwards.
Loyalty to your school should
make you become loyal and true
citizens of our world-wide Empire of
which you are learning. This is why I
press it. When I was in England, every-
where I saw great placards showing
six words, "Your King and
Country need You." Remember these words, for
when you are men and women these
words will still be true, "Your King and
Country need You," but it is only if you
are loyal that you will be of much use
to King and Country.

The Chinese woman was sent to the
Government Civil Hospital yesterday
suffering from injuries to the head as
the result of a motor car accident in
Praya East. The woman was knocked
down by motor car No. 38 after she had
alighted from the tram-car and was
proceeding across the street.

The Report on the Hongkong
Blue Book mentions that subsidiary
coin to the face value of \$22,735,450
has been redeemed since the Govern-
ment began in 1906 its policy of
demobilisation of all its subsidiary coin
received as revenue. The total issue of
subsidiary coins, less those demonetised,
now amounts to \$21,264,370 nominal
value.

The local Detachment, Army
Ordnance Corps, and families were
entertained by the Services Entertain-
ment Fund on Whit Monday by
a trip to Macao and back. The
weather was unfavourable but nevertheless
the sea air and excellent
catering of the Steamboat Company,
who very courteously made special
arrangements for the party, was
much enjoyed by all.

THE COLONY'S FINANCES

A GRATIFYING STATEMENT.

At the meeting of the Legislative
Council yesterday, the Colonial
Secretary in laying upon the table
the Financial Returns for the year
1917, and the Report on the Finances
for the year 1917 said:—

Sir, in your address to this Council
last October you estimated that the
revenue for 1917 would amount to
\$14,257,820. That sum was actually
exceeded by \$800,000, the total
revenue being \$15,058,105, by far the
largest sum ever raised in this
Colony. Of this total the Special
War Rate which was in force for half
the year brought in a sum of
\$505,000. This was paid over to His
Majesty's Government for war pur-
poses. The other increases are
shown in paragraph 5 of the report.
Although the expenditure for the
shareholders of most companies could
never hope to expect. No one will
cavil at the bonus and month's salary
paid to the employees of the Society,
which have been richly earned. As
the CHAIRMAN remarked in his
speech, it is the "Union" spirit
which prevails amongst the employees
throughout the world that has carried
on the enormous strain consequent
on the character of the business
and the depletion of the staff. The
Colony, moreover, will not readily
be taken away.

You have all heard of the boy Jack
Cornwell. He was just an ordinary
boy, but at school he showed himself
always loyal. "He was one," said his
master, "whom I could always trust."
At 16 years of age he joined the British
cruiser "Cresser". Then came the 31st
May, 1916, nearly two years ago. That
was the day of the great Julian naval
engagement, when the German Grand
Fleet was driven back ignominiously by
the British into the shelter of its own
harbour. Jack Cornwell's place was in
the casement of the forward gun on
board the "Cresser". Soon all the gunners
at that point had been killed or wounded.
He himself was badly wounded also.
Moreover, his gun could not be used.
He stood to his post, all covered in
blood until his ship came out of action.
His captain and his admiral both
commended him for special gallantry,
and although he died very soon of his
wounds the King conferred on him the
highest distinction in the Empire for
valour—the Victoria Cross.

If you wish to cultivate a character
for loyalty you must do what Jack
Cornwell did—be faithful to whatever
law you are living under at any time,
whether at home, or school, or office or in
the Services. Satisfaction in life is not
to be found in doing only the things we
like best. This will make a selfish man,
a selfish woman. And selfishness
corrodes loyalty just as rust eats away
good iron. Be loyal, and you will be
noble. Be faithful, and life's best will
come to you. "He that toeth his life
shall save it."

But the greatest example of loyalty in
all history is Jesus Christ. From a
boy onward, He had one fixed
purpose, to please His Father. Nothing
could ever turn Him from this purpose.
He never thought of pleasing himself.
He never failed in his duty. But He
was not satisfied with this loyalty for
Himself alone. He spent His time in
trying to persuade others to be loyal
too. And this is still His great purpose
—that boys and girls, men and women,
should be loyal—to God. Loyalty costs
His life but it has given Him a
name above every other name in the
world. So now He says to each of us
"Be thou loyal to God and you shall
receive the very best that life has to
give."

Remember that you belong to the
greatest Empire the world has ever
seen. Do not boast about it, but thank
God for this wonderful inheritance He
has bequeathed to you. To you who
are growing up there comes a great
trust—the responsibility to pass on
undimmed the light and glory of Empire
which you are receiving from those who
have made the name of England great.
You are coming citizens of a State that
stands for Right, Truth and Honour. To
maintain this Empire unbroken in the
world men and women too, for nearly
four years past have been giving their
dearest life's treasure. I have seen the
men returning from the battle-front
with smarting wounds and maimed
bodies, too crushed to carry their own
weight. But everyone bears himself as
a hero should. I have seen empty seats
in many a lovely home, while mothers
and wives and sisters face the gap in
the family circle with a fortitude that
commands our humblest homage. It is
for you who assemble in this Cathedral
to-day to prove yourselves worthy
successors of those heroes and heroines
who are suffering so severely that you
may in due time enter upon your
inheritance without shame. They are
faithful, even though they have to
suffer and die for it. Imitate their
example of loyalty. Adopt as your
life's motto, "For God and Country".
Take Jesus Christ as your pattern in
loyalty, and determine that, God
helping you, you will contribute your
share of value, of character, of greatness
to the land that gave you birth.
Loyalty, like every great possession, is
costly to obtain, but it is worth all you
may have to pay for it. Loyalty to
God and Country will bring you the
very richest rewards that life can give
—the consciousness of a well-fought
fight in a cause that can never be
defeated.

The Schools participating were—
Garrison School of Hongkong, St
Joseph's English College, Italian Con-
vent, French Convent, St. Francis
School (Wanchai), St. Mary's School
(Kowloon), St. Lewis' Industrial School
(West Point), Yaumati Chinese School,
Hung Hom Chinese School, Aberdeen
Chinese School, Shaukiwan Chinese
School, Kay Lop Chinese School
(Wanchai), and To-Ying School
(Mosque Street).

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC SERVICE.

An Empire Day Commemoration
Service for the Catholic Schools of
Hongkong and Kowloon was held at the
Cathedral of the Immaculate
Conception at 9 a.m. this morning.

His Lordship Bishop Pozzani officiated,
assisted by the Clergy and Students of the
Cathedral Seminary. The order of the Service was as follows:—

1.—"Picta Signore" (Prayer for
Peace). (Pupils of the Italian Con-
vent.)

2.—"A Prayer for the King." Psalm
XIX. (Students of the Cathedral Semi-
nary.)

3.—"Address on 'Empire Day'"
(His Lordship Pozzani).

4.—"O Love Divine." (Music by
Orlando A. Mascolini). (Pupils of the
Italian Convent.)

5.—"Salutari". (St. Joseph's
College Choir.)

6.—"Teuton Ergo" (St. Joseph's
College Choir).

7.—Benediction.

8.—"Laudate" (St. Joseph's College
and the Congregation).

9.—"God Save The King." (The
Congregation).

The Bishop's address was as follows:—

DEAR CHILDREN, Empire Day brings
us once again together. We are here
congregated to thank God once more
for the happy and safe shelter that
we find under the English flag for
England," says the Bishop of North-

ampton when preaching at the unveiling
of the War Shrine at Northampton.
In spite of her faults, she is still the
Champion of religious liberty and free
democracy. Moreover, she has poured
forth floods of benevolence that have
astonished the whole world. One of
this year's best features is the careful
consideration that is given to education
everywhere under the British flag.

order that on the part of the State, not
only may it be equally given to all
without any difference of creed or of
the relative position of the children of
the rich and of the poor, but also to secure
that religion had a proper place and be
applied to all social problems in the
curriculum of studies, so that, as Father
Vaughan says, children may learn how
to cultivate the sense of self-governing
responsibility and be inspired by lofty,
holy, generous and honorable principles
and thus become men of character, that
is to say, men able to perform their
duties towards the Church and the
State in a proper and efficient manner.

Both the Church and the State have a
mission from God to aid and guide us
in working out our destiny in this
world. Both have claim to our allegiance.
To each therefore, in its special
sphere, we owe certain duties,
binding us in conscience. Without the
proper performance of these duties not
only will your life be useless to yourself
and society, but it may also be
harmful. How then will you be able
to perform these duties in future if,
as Fr. Vaughan says, you do not learn
how to perform them now? One of the first
things you have to do in order that your
studies may really become useful to you
in future is that you must daily occupy
yourself with the study of the Empire
and the world around you. By doing
so you will only train your mind
to be released on the sheet of examination
paper and left there. Remember that
it is not enough that you should learn
to be able to write without mistakes in
grammar. You must learn to be able
to speak clearly, pleasantly and without
affection. It is even more useless
to study your lessons at the last
moment so as to be able to repeat
them parrot-like and by rote if
your mind is not nourished with that
ideal spiritual and practical knowledge
which is necessary for the performance
of the duties of life. Those children
commit a great mistake who have
not any other end in study than a too
quick attempt to obtain certain small
measurements of livelihood. Such children
will never succeed in anything; they will
never be able to satisfy either themselves
or others. Those children commit a
mistake also who have no other end in
view than merely competitive efforts
and remain satisfied so long as they can
claim to be "first" in the examination.
I ask you, dear children, and hope that
you will avoid these mistakes. I hope
that you will understand that to study
properly is to till the ground of your
mind and to sow the seed in your heart,
and to train the faculties of your soul
so that they may be the means to cause
the seed to grow continually of itself
and to make of you good and faithful
citizens.

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School (Wanchai), St. Mary's School
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Hung Hom Chinese School, Aberdeen
Chinese School, Shaukiwan Chinese
School, Kay Lop Chinese School
(Wanchai), and To-Ying School
(Mosque Street).

THE ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE ESSAY
COMPETITION.

ADDRESS BY MR. RALPHS.

The pupils of the St. Joseph's College
assembled in the College yard at 8.15
this morning, when prizes presented by
the St. Joseph's College Old Boys
Association for the best essays on
Empire Day, were distributed by Mr.
E. Ralphs, Inspector of English
Schools. The essay competition had
been a yearly institution at the College
since the inception of the Association
in 1913.

MR. RALPHS in presenting the prizes
said:—

I have to thank you for again so
kindly inviting me to distribute the
prizes won by various students for
Empire Day Essays, and also for
having given me the opportunity of
reading the best essays submitted.

The task of final adjudication was no
easy one, as

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

HEROIC DEEDS.

AWARD OF SEVEN V.C.'S.

LONDON, May 22.
How acts of individual heroism helped to hold the line during the recent battle on the Western Front is told in the *Gazette*, in an announcement of the award of seven Victoria Crosses, all to British Regiments. One recipient was killed and three others were very probably killed. Each story reveals repeated acts of gallantry of the highest order.

Captain Thomas Pye, of the Grenadiers Regiment, personally led a house-to-house attack on villages and personally killed seven Germans. The next day, when surrounded with 40 men, he repelled four enemy attacks, killing many Germans. Then the enemy brought up field-guns and commenced knocking in the trench and gradually worked within sixty yards. Captain Pye with his little party still held out. Then the enemy brought up reinforcements. Captain Pye had now only 17 men, and had been holding out throughout the day. The ammunition was exhausted, but he was determined that there should be no surrender. So he led his men forward and made a bayonet charge, and was last seen in a fierce hand-to-hand struggle against overwhelming odds. The official account concludes: "With 40 men he held back an enemy battalion for 10 hours, undoubtedly stopping the advance through the British line, and thus greatly influencing the battle."

Second-Lieut. Buchan, of the Argyll Regiment, was isolated but resisted throughout the day, constantly exposing himself to a terrible fire. Ultimately the enemy got close in, and shouted "Surrender." Second-Lieut. Buchan replied: "To hell with surrender!" He then shot the foremost enemy and fought his way back to the support line, where he held out till dusk. He refused to go to a dressing station, saying that his place was with the men. Owing to an unexpected flank withdrawal, it was impossible to send an order to Second-Lieut. Buchan, who was last seen holding out against great odds. "His gallantry, self-sacrifice and utter disregard of personal safety," says the *Gazette*, "during the two days of very severe fighting was in accord with the highest traditions of the British Army."

Private Counter, of the Dorset Regiment, was with his Company, without cover, on a shell-swept slope. It was necessary to discover the enemy's strength. Private Counter saw five runners one after another killed in trying to get this information. Then he volunteered to get it and got back. This enabled his Commander to organise a counter-attack, which regained the whole position won by the enemy. Subsequently Private Counter carried back no fewer than five messages under a heavy barrage to the Command Headquarters.

These stories are typical.

ANNIVERSARY OF ITALY'S ENTRY INTO THE WAR.

MANSION HOUSE LUNCHEON.

LONDON, May 23.
A luncheon was given at the Mansion House in commemoration of the third anniversary of Italy's entry into the war.

Lord Robert Cecil said the Government were constantly criticised by well-meaning people, who said that if the Allies would only use conciliatory language to the Germans they would hold out a hand to us. That was a profound misconception of the German psychology. Our duty at present was to maintain and increase the national effort and not allow anything to interfere with it, and to bind the alliance still more closely. The unity of Command could only be fully effective if it represented the unity of the peoples. (Loud cheers.) Above all, we must not forget the principles of justice and freedom for which the Allies were fighting.

EMPIRE DAY.
FRENCH JOIN IN CELEBRATIONS.

PARIS, May 22.
The French are joining Great Britain and the Dominions in the celebration of Empire Day on May 24th and a series of demonstrations have been arranged in the principal cities and in Paris.

The President of the Chamber of Deputies will deliver an address on "Great Britain in Arms" before M. Poincaré and Members of the Cabinet and Ambassadors. Distinguished officers, statesmen and literateurs will similarly discourse on the various aspects of Great Britain's war efforts in other cities. Admiral Bichardat at Marseilles will relate the war efforts of the British Dominions, and the Colonies in Asia and Africa.

M. Rounie, who is Governor-General of the French Colonies, will describe at Toulouse the efforts of Australia.

M. Gaston Dischamps, author, will lecture on Canada at Nantes in the presence of M. Philippe Roy, Commissioner-General to Canada.

GERMAN CALLOUSNESS.

RUSSIAN SHIPS WITH WOUNDED SHELLED.

LONDON, May 24.
A Russian wireless report complains that Germany is not only attacking Russian warships in the Black Sea, but German submarines are shelling Russian ships even with wounded on board.

It pathetically requests the Russian Ambassador at Berlin to enquire whether a sailing ship may proceed to Norway for fish without fear of capture.

THE FATE OF POLAND.

TO BE DIVIDED BETWEEN AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA.

LONDON, May 22.
An authoritative Polish source states that Austria and Germany have agreed that Austria shall take a large portion of Russian Poland. Prussia intends to seize other parts, but a vast majority of the Polish nation demands a united and independent Poland, free from German and Magyar domination, and including Polish territories in Silesia, Posen and Danzig.

SCARCITY IN PETROGRAD.

POTATOES INSTEAD OF BREAD.

MOSCOW, May 18.
The distribution of bread in Petrograd has ceased and has been replaced by potatoes. Flour is not obtainable. A popular outbreak is apprehended.

FIRE AT ARCHANGEL.

MOSCOW, May 18.
A great fire is reported in the dock and station of Archangel.

SOVIET SOLDIERS DISPERSE MOSLEM MEETING.

MOSCOW, May 18.
The Soviet soldiers have broken up a Moslem mass meeting at Kazan to protest against the dispersal of the Moslem National Assembly.

CONTINUED LOYALTY TO ALLIES.

CADET PARTY'S RESOLUTION.

MOSCOW, May 18.
The Central Committee of the Cadet Party have passed a resolution in favour of continued loyalty to the Allies and were opposed to asking German help to re-organise Russia.

ANTI-BOLSHEVIK CossACKS IN SAMARA.

MOSCOW, May 18.
Detachments of General Dutov's anti-Bolshevik Cossacks have entered the Government of Samara.

A GOOD RULE FOR THE HOME.
MAKE it a rule of your home to always keep on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safe guard against bowel complaints. It always cures promptly and no household is safe without it. For sale by all Chemists and druggists.

AMERICAN RED CROSS CAMPAIGN.
PRESIDENT WILSON'S THRILLING ORATION.

REFLEX OF AMERICA'S DETERMINATION.

NEW YORK, May 18.
President Wilson reviewed a Red Cross parade this afternoon, and in the evening he addressed a Red Cross mass-meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House, inaugurating a campaign to raise a second hundred million dollars for the fund for war relief purposes.

Mr. H. P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, who has just returned from a visit to the war zone, in a speech declared that the next few months would be the most critical of the war. The morale of the Allies had never been higher and soldiers and civilians were confident of victory, in spite of the knowledge that Germany's supreme effort was imminent.

President Wilson was accorded a tremendous ovation when he entered the Open House, and again when he rose to speak.

Speaking extempore, President Wilson said: "There are two duties with which we are face to face. The first duty is to win the war, and the second duty, which goes hand-in-hand with it, is to win it greatly and worthily, showing not only the real quality of our people but the real quality of our purpose and of ourselves, of course. The first duty that we must keep in the foreground of our thought until it is accomplished is to win the war. I heard a gentleman recently say that we must get five million men ready. Why limit it to five million? I asked Congress to name no limit, because Congress intends, I am sure as we all intend, that every ship that can carry supplies shall go laden upon every voyage, with every man and every supply she can carry; and we are not to be diverted from our grim purpose of winning the war by any insincere approaches upon the subject of peace. I can say with a clear conscience that I have tested those intimations, and found them insincere. I now recognise them for what they are, namely, an opportunity to have a free hand, particularly in the East, to carry out their purposes of conquest and exploitation. Every proposal regarding accommodation in the West involves reservation regarding the East. Now so far as I am concerned, I intend to stand by Russia as well as France. The helpless and friendless are the very ones that need friends and succour, and if any man in Germany thinks we are going to sacrifice anybody for our own sake, I tell them now they are mistaken, for the glory of this war, my fellow-citizens, so far as we are concerned, is that it is perhaps for the first time in history an unselfish war. I could not be proud to fight for a selfish purpose; but I can be proud to fight for mankind. If they wish for peace let them come forward through accredited representatives and lay their terms on the table. We have laid ours and they know what they are. But behind all this grim purpose, my friends, lies the opportunity to demonstrate not only force, which will be demonstrated to the utmost, but the opportunity to demonstrate character, and it is that opportunity that we have most conspicuously in the work of the Red Cross. Not that our men in arms do not represent our character, for they do, and it is a character which those who see and realise appreciate and admire; but their duty is a duty of force. The duty of the Red Cross is a duty of mercy and succour and friendship. Have you formed a picture in your imagination of what this war is doing for us and for the world? In my own mind I am convinced that not one hundred years of peace could have knitted this nation together as this single year of war has knitted it together, and better even than that, if possible. It is knitting the world together. Look at the picture in the centre of the scene. Four nations are engaged against the world and at every point of vantage are showing that they are sealing selfish aggrandisement. And against them twenty-three Governments representing the greatest part of the population of the world have been drawn together into a new sense of community of interest and purpose and a new sense of unity of life.

[The remainder of the address appeared in our yesterday's issue.]

The Secretary for War told me an interesting incident the other day.

He said that when he was in Italy a member of the Italian Government was explaining to him many reasons why Italy felt near to the United States. He said: "If you want to try an interesting experiment go up to any of those troop trains and ask the soldiers in English how many of them have been in America." The War Secretary tried the experiment. He went up to a troop train and said: "How many of you boys have been in America?" And he said it seemed to him as if half of them sprang up, "Me from San Francisco," "Me from New York all over." There is part of the heart of America in the Italian Army.

People who had been knitted to us by association, who knew us, who had lived amongst us, who had worked shoulder to shoulder with us and who were now friends of America were fighting for their native Italy.

Friendship is the only cement that will ever hold the world together and this intimate contact of the great Red Cross of peoples who are suffering the terrors and deprivations of this war is going to be one of the greatest instrumentalities of friendship that the world ever knew, and the centre and heart of it all if we sustain it properly will be this land that we so dearly love. My friends, a great day of duty has come and duty finds a man's soul as no kind of work can ever find it. The duty of us all now is to serve one another; and nobody can afford to make a fortune out of this war. There are men amongst us who have forgotten that if they ever saw it. Some of you are old enough, I am old enough, to remember men who made fortunes out of the Civil War and you know how they were regarded by their fellow-citizens.

[The remainder of the address appeared in our yesterday's issue.]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH RAID.

LONDON, May 22.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We carried out a number of successful raids on the night of the 1st and entered German trenches at two points south-east of Arras, taking 14 prisoners.

Other raiding parties brought back a few prisoners in the neighbourhood of Loos and Nieppe Forest, in the Mezieres sector. We took 16 prisoners northward of the Ypres-Comines Canal from a raiding party approaching our lines. Northward of Albert, the enemy's artillery was active in the neighbourhood of Dernancourt and considerably active eastward of Nieppe Forest.

The enemy heavily gas-shelled our sector north-eastward of Bethune.

AERIAL ACTIVITIES.

1,000 GERMAN AEROPLANES BROUGHT DOWN SINCE MARCH.

LONDON, May 22.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, says:

Twenty-two tons of bombs were dropped in the day-time on Monday on the enemy's railway stations, aerodromes and billets. Enemy scouts attacked our reconnaissance and bombing aeroplanes.

We brought down 13 and drove down two machines. Four of ours are missing.

Our night-fliers dropped thirteen tons of bombs on aerodromes in the neighbourhoods of Ghent, Tournai and St. Quentin. A further 4½ tons of bombs were dropped on railway stations at Thionville, Metz and Coblenz, on the Rhine. Twenty-two heavy bombs were dropped on the morning of the 21st on railway stations at Namur and Charleroi. One of our machines has not returned.

Since the commencement of the German offensive 1,000 German aeroplanes have been brought down or driven down and over 1,000 tons of bombs have been dropped over the enemy's lines.

They gave their immortality.

And shall we not emulate their spirit of self-sacrifice? It behoves each one of us to put forth his utmost energy to the work allotted to him and to practice in his daily life that charity which teaches us self-denial, patience, loving kindness, faith and hope, and to those amongst us in whose veins the red sweet wine of youth surges strongly, who are roused from actual fighting, I would say. Remember that this war is not waged with the sword alone, but by the whole nation, men and women mobilised in one common effort according to the duty assigned to each. Do not forget.

They also serve who only stand and wait. Let us then all go forward, animated by the common purpose of winning the cause for which our friends and our brave allies have given, and are giving their lives.

A squadron of chasing aeroplanes broke down an attempted enemy armoured attack against the convoy.

The account states that a hostile vessel was indubitably struck and sunk or put out of action for a considerable time.

All the men on the torpedo-boat were taken prisoners.

It will make a great difference in your roof!

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FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1918.

THE CHINA MAIL.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT
TO
MARSEILLES AND LONDON,
TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO
STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo	Due at Marseilles	Due London
			1917	1917

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO
Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in
Hongkong at the time of booking.
On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

S. S.

Leave Hongkong About

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.
Return Tickets are available by Messageries Maritimes Company.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS (Non-Transhipment),
IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS,
WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR
MARSEILLES AND LONDON,

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO
AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1st AND 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.
PROPOSED SAILINGS:

Steamers.	Leave Hongkong about	Leave Suez about	Due at Marseilles, H. calling about	Due London about

THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth Furnished
with an Electric Reading Lamp.

Round-the-World Tickets and Through Tickets to New York in connection
with the Principal Mail Lines.

Return Tickets at fare and a half available to Europe for Two Years; or to
Intermediate Ports for Six Months.

Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be
cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents
regarding arrival of consignments except 1 of which they have received documents
or advice.

Any damaged packages must be left in the Godown for examination by the
Consignees and the Company's Surveyors Messrs Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m.
on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the
steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will
be admitted after the goods have left the Godown.

For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freights, Handbooks, Dates of Sailings
etc., apply to.

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.

CHINA MAIL S.S.CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

S. S. CHINA

WILL SAIL FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.

JUNE 21st and AUGUST 21st, 1918.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER
SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATES.

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INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE
TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight
Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

PROPOSED SAILING.

FROM HONGKONG: Connecting with FROM COLOMBO

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1st AND 2nd CLASS PASSENGERS.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE
TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight
Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

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TO
UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE
REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED.

Shippers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners option
subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE LTD.

Or to Holt & Co., Canopus
General Agents.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Administrative Orders by Major H. A.
Morgan, Administrative Commandant

ATTACHED.

No. 229 Pte. F. G. L. Wheeler joined
the Corps on 22.4.18 and posted to
"A" Company, No. 4 Platoon.

No. 770 Lce. Corp. F. A. Roia,
Signalling Section is permitted to re-sign
on leaving the Colony, to date
from day of departure.

No. 262 Pte. E. Pepperell, "D" Company,
is permitted to resign, on leaving
the Colony, dated 31.3.18.

ATTACHED.

Captain A. M. Preston, 4th Battalion
Cheshire Regiment, ceased to attach
to the Corps, on leaving the Colony,
dated 18.5.18.

LEAVE.

The following have been granted leave
for the duration of the War, from 18th
May, 1918:

No. 88 Sergt. T. Sutherland, Eng. Coy.

No. 463 Sergt. J. W. Deakin, "B" Coy.

No. 710 Corp. E. V. Carmichael, M. G. Coy.

No. 160 Corp. R. S. Vergette, Eng. Coy.

No. 114 2-Cpl. W. G. Clark, Eng. Coy.

No. 285 L-Cpl. H. H. Pepple, Eng. Coy.

No. 434 Pte. Walter Pryde, "A" Eng. Coy.

No. 438 Pte. J. Ralston, "A" Eng. Coy.

No. 494 Pte. A. Edwards, "A" Coy.

No. 421 Pte. J. T. Ewing, "A" Coy.

No. 532 Pte. G. R. Logan, M. G. "A" Coy.

No. 542 Pte. F. E. Joseland, (att. to
H. K. P. R.)

No. 308 Pte. W. J. Carrie (attached
H. K. P. R.)

No. 143 Spr. C. P. Bond, Eng. Coy.

No. 429 Spr. J. A. Howe, Eng. Coy.

No. 254 Spr. W. J. Woodman, Eng. Coy.

No. 407 Spr. F. P. Pernira Eng. Coy.

No. 581 Spr. J. T. Meriki, "B" Coy.

No. 739 Pte. Puwas, A. B. Arty. Coy.

No. 474 Ar. J. C. Fleischner, Arty. Coy.

No. 56 Grn. J. Stalker, Arty. Coy.

No. 51 Grn. G. Green, Arty. Coy.

No. 62 Grn. E. H. Lambert, Arty. Coy.

No. 787 Grn. A. A. Birnie, Mid. Sec.

No. 319 Grn. F. H. Cobb (att. to H. K. P. R.)

Sergt. P. Jacks, Arty. Coy., is granted
3 months' leave on 11.6.18. on
Medical Certificate.

Gunner F. M. H. Holman, Arty. Coy.,
is granted 3 months' special leave on the
affairs of the Hongkong University, to
date from day of departure.

LEAVE.

A lecture will be given by 2nd Lieut.
Peter Grove to officers, N.C.O.s, and men
of the Corps at Headquarters on Friday,
1st instant, at 8 p.m.: Subject, Experi-
ences on Service. Uniform need not be
worn.

Orders for Artillery Company by Capt.
J. H. W. Armstrong, R.D.

Night and Left Companies.—Duty at
Belchers Battery as per roster and
instructions posted in the Company's
Office at Headquarters.

Orders for Engineers Company by
Captain W. Russell.

24th to 31st May, 1918:

X. L. MANNING NIGHTLY.

Parades as per rosters posted at Head-
quarters.

Engine Drivers at 0.30 p.m.

Electricians at 0.45 p.m.

OFFICERS NEXT DUTY.

Belchers, 2nd Lieut. Marley.

Lymeman, 2nd Lieut. Templeton.

Stonecutters, Lieut. Stevenson.

INSTRUCTION FOR N.C.O.S. AND MEN OF THE
INFANTRY BATTALION ATTACHED FOR DUTY.

Class 1 at Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on
Mondays and Thursdays for all who have
not passed the "Proficiency" rate (1/4)
examination.

Class 2 at Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on
Tuesday and Fridays for all N.C.O.s, and
men of higher ratings, under Staff Sergts.
Owendens and Parsons, R.E., and Sergt.
Day, H.K.D.C.

Class 3 at Lymeman at 8.30 p.m. on
Tuesday and Fridays, under Staff Sergts.
Barclay and White, R.E., and Sergt.
Day, H.K.D.C.

The office at Wellington Barracks hav-
ing been vacated, all communications for
O.C. Engineer Company should be
addressed to Engineers Company Office,
H.K.D.C. Headquarters.

Public telephone No. 2491, and Govern-
ment telephone.

HEAD OFFICE: General Board of Health.

Chairman of the Board: Andrew Birrell, Gen. M. A. Morgan.

HEAD OFFICE: PARIS.

BRANCHES: PEKING, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG.

PARADES: "A" Company.

TUESDAY, 28th May—

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Platoons

on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents

will parade at the Cricket Club at

5.10 p.m., and proceed by tram to

Causeway Bay. Company drill.

Dress, drill order.

Wednesday, 29th May—

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Platoons (as detailed by Platoon

Commanders) at Headquarters

T.E.T.

"B" Company.

Tuesday, 28th May—

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Platoons (as detailed by Platoon

Commanders) at Headquarters

T.E.T.

"C" Company.

Tuesday, 28th May—

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Platoons (as detailed by Platoon

Commanders) at Headquarters

T.E.T.

"D" Company.

Tuesday, 28th May—

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4

